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Jails in Indian Country, 2000

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On June 30, 2000, a total of 69 jails, confinement facilities, detention centers, or other correctional facilities were supervising 1,799 persons in Indian country, an increase of 6% from the previous year. At midyear 1999, 1,693 persons were under the supervision of jails in Indian country.

Indian country facilities held 1,775 inmates at midyear 2000, up from 1,621 at midyear 1999. Jail authorities also supervised 24 offenders in alternative programs outside the jail facilities.

The 69 facilities had a rated capacity to hold 2,076 persons. On June 30, 2000, they were operating at 86% of capacity, up from 78% at midyear 1999. On their peak day in June 2000, the 69 jails were operating at 118% capacity, up from 111% in 1999. Seventeen jails reported plans to increase capacity by 1,108 beds before July 2003.

These data are based on the 2000 Survey of Jails in Indian Country (SJIC). The survey includes all jails, confinement facilities, detention centers, and other correctional facilities located in Indian country and operated by tribal authorities or the Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA). The survey gathers information on the number of persons in custody, the number under community supervision, offender characteristics, and facility capacity.

Highlights

At midyear 2000 jails in Indian country supervised 1,799 persons

	Number of inmates, June 30	
	2000	1999
Total	1,799	1,693
In custody	1,775	1,621
Adult	1,498	1,354
Juveniles	277	267
Community supervision	24	72
Inmate movement, June 1-30		
Admissions	7,151	8,147
Discharges	7,201	7,744

- On June 30, 2000, Indian country facilities held 1,498 adults and 277 juveniles. In the 12 months ending June 30, 2000, the number of inmates in custody increased 9.5%.

- In a 1-month period, June 2000, facilities in Indian country admitted 7,151 inmates and discharged 7,201 inmates.

69 facilities were operating in Indian country, with the capacity to hold 2,076 persons on June 30, 2000

	2000	1999
Rated capacity	2,076	2,065
Percent of capacity*		
June 30	86%	78%
Peak day in June	118	111

- On June 30, 2000, 69 jails in Indian country were operating at 86% of capacity. On their peak day in June 2000, jails were operating at 118% of capacity, up from 111% in 1999.

*Number of inmates in custody divided by rated capacity.

17 jail facilities operating in Indian country expect an increase of 1,108 beds before July 2003

Planned changes, 2000-2003*	Number of facilities
Add to existing facility	4
Build a new facility	12
Renovate facility	11
Close facility	3
Expected increase in capacity	1,108 beds

*Five facilities reported more than one type of change.

- From 2000 to 2003, 25 jails planned to expand, renovate, or close the existing facility, or to build a new facility. Seventeen facilities expected to increase capacity by 1,108 beds; 8 facilities expected to build a new facility or renovate or replace existing space without adding beds.

Tribes retain jurisdiction over many crimes by American Indians and Alaska Natives in Indian country

Thirty-three States contain around 300 Indian land areas or reservations. Generally, the local governing authority on Indian lands is a tribal government or council. Jurisdiction over crimes in Indian country depends on several factors, including the identity of the victim and the offender, the severity of the crime, and where the crime was committed. (See box on this page.) Tribal authority to sentence offenders is limited to 1 year or less of imprisonment and a \$5,000 fine (25 U.S.C. § 1302(7)).

City or county jails held over 3 times as many American Indians as jails in Indian country. (*American Indians* in this report includes Alaska Natives.) At midyear 2000 local jails held an estimated 5,500 American Indians, some of whom may have been adjudicated by a tribal criminal justice system and housed in jails under contract with tribal governments. Overall, State, Federal, local, and tribal authorities were supervising 47,828 American Indians. Most were under community supervision (27,590).

	Number of American Indians and Alaska Natives 6/30/00
Total	47,828
In custody	20,238
Local jails*	5,500
Jails in Indian country	1,775
State prisons	11,085
Federal prisons	1,878
Under community supervision	27,590
State/Federal, 12/99	
Probation	23,518
Parole	4,048
Indian country	24

*Estimated from 2000 Annual Survey of Jails.

A total of 20,238 American Indians were in custody at midyear 2000, most of whom were held in State prisons (11,085).

On April 1, 2000, 2,475,956 American Indians and Alaska Natives lived in the United States.¹ American Indians account for under 1% of the U.S. resident population and around 1% of those in custody of jails or prisons.

¹U.S. Census Bureau, 2000 Census of Population and Housing.

Criminal jurisdiction in Indian country

Tribal jurisdiction

- Crimes committed by Indians in Indian country. Sentences are limited to 1 year or less and a \$5,000 fine per offense. 25 U.S.C. § 1302(7)

Federal jurisdiction

- 14 crimes under the Major Crimes Act of 1885. 18 U.S.C. § 1153

State jurisdiction

- All crimes on tribal lands specified under Public Law 280, 18 U.S.C. § 1162

Note: Criminal jurisdiction in Indian country depends on several factors, including the identity of the defendant, victim, type of offense, and where the crime was committed.

At midyear 2000 the rate of incarceration for American Indians was about 15% higher than the overall national rate. Federal and State prison and jail authorities held 818 American Indians per 100,000 Indians, compared to 702 persons of all races per 100,000 U.S. residents.²

On June 30, 2000, jails in Indian country supervised 1,799 persons

Jails in Indian country held 1,775 inmates in custody and supervised an additional 24 persons in the community on June 30, 2000 (table 1). The number of persons under supervision was up 6% from the previous year, when 1,621 inmates were in custody, and 72 persons were under community supervision.

Sixty-one percent of those held in jails at midyear 2000 were convicted, down from 75% in 1999. On June 30, 2000, jails in Indian country held 1,072 convicted offenders and 689 inmates who were unconvicted, or awaiting adjudication. At midyear 1999, 1,200 inmates in custody were convicted, and 409 unconvicted.

Juveniles accounted for nearly 16% of inmates in custody

At midyear 2000, jails in Indian country held 1,498 adults, 81% male and 19% female. Juveniles (persons under age 18) accounted for almost 16% of the total custody population. Three-quarters of the juveniles were

²For additional information on American Indians under correctional supervision outside Indian country, see *American Indians and Crime*, BJS report, February 1999, NCJ 173386.

male, and a quarter female. On June 30, 2000, 14 juveniles were being held as adults, down from 20 on June 30, 1999 (not shown in a table).

90% of confined inmates held for misdemeanors; 15% for DWI/DUI

Regardless of conviction status, 1,560 inmates (90% of inmates with a known offense) were being held for a misdemeanor. Ninety-seven inmates were being held for a felony, and 71 for other reasons, including protective custody, detoxification, involuntary commitment order, uncontrollable juvenile behavior, pick-up orders, and pending charges.

On June 30, 2000, 15% of confined inmates were being held for driving while intoxicated or driving under the influence of alcohol or drugs (274), and 7% for a drug law violation (133). Fifteen percent of inmates in custody of jails in Indian country were undergoing drug or alcohol detoxification (263) (appendix table 5, page 12).

Table 1. Indian country jail inmate characteristics, June 30, 1999 and 2000

	Number of persons	
	2000	1999
Total	1,799	1,693
In custody	1,775	1,621
Adult	1,498	1,354
Males	1,214	1,131
Females	284	223
Juvenile	277	267
Males	207	197
Females	70	70
Convicted	1,072	1,200
Unconvicted	689	409
Felony	97	/
Misdemeanor	1,560	/
Other	71	/
DWI/DUI	274	/
Drug law violation	133	/
Under community supervision	24	72
Inmate movements, June 1-30		
New admissions	7,151	8,147
Final discharges	7,201	7,744

/Not collected in 1999.



From 1999 to 2000, admissions declined 12%, and discharges, 7%

Compared to June 1999, admissions and discharges were down during June 2000. In June 2000, facilities in Indian country admitted 7,151 persons, a decrease from 8,147 persons admitted in June 1999. The number of inmates discharged was also down, from 7,744 during June 1999 to 7,201 during June 2000.

Jail authorities reported two inmate deaths during the 12-month period ending June 30, 2000 (not shown in a table). One inmate committed suicide, and one died of unspecified causes. During this time, 151 inmates attempted suicide, up from 103 during the previous 12-month period (not shown in a table).

On June 30, 2000, 24 persons under community supervision, down from 72 the previous year

Among those under community supervision at midyear 2000, 18 persons were required to perform community service, 2 were on home detention, 3 were sentenced to day reporting, and 1 was under some other form of supervision (table 2). No person under community supervision by Indian country jails was monitored electronically on June 30, 2000, compared to 14 persons in 1999.

The 10 largest jails housed 45% of inmates in Indian country

On June 30, 2000, the 10 largest jails in Indian country housed 806 inmates (table 3). Arizona had 8 of the 10 largest jails in Indian country.

Table 2. Persons under community supervision, June 30, 1999 and 2000

Type of supervision	Number of persons	
	2000	1999
Total	24	72
Electronic monitoring	0	14
Home detention	2	10
Community service	18	31
Day reporting	3	5
Other	1	11

Combined, the 10 facilities had a rated capacity of 625 inmates, or 30% of the total rated capacity of all facilities in Indian country. The Gila River Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation, operating at 148% of its rated capacity, held the largest number of inmates (166). The Tohono O'odham Detention Center, operating at 344% of its rated capacity, had the next largest population (117).

Jails holding 24 or fewer inmates at midyear 2000 comprised nearly 70% of all Indian country facilities. Twenty-two facilities, 2 of which had no inmates, reported fewer than 10 inmates. Nine facilities held 50 or more inmates and accounted for 13% of all jails in Indian country.

Facility size*	Number of facilities	Percent of all facilities
Total	69	100%
Fewer than 10 inmates	22	32%
10 to 24	24	35
25 to 49	14	20
50 or more	9	13

*Custody population on June 30, 2000.

Indian country jails operated at 118% of capacity on peak day in June 2000, up from 111% in 1999

Combined, the 69 facilities had a rated capacity to confine 2,076 persons on June 30, 2000. Rated capacity is the maximum number of beds or inmates allocated by rating officials to each jail facility.

Table 3. Ten largest jails in Indian country, June 30, 2000

Jail facility	Custody population	Rated capacity	Percent of capacity
Total	806	625	129%
Gila River Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation (AZ)	166	112	148%
Tohono O'odham Detention Center (AZ)	117	34	344
Hopi Rehabilitation Center (AZ)	87	86	101
Navajo Department of Corrections-Tuba City (AZ)	87	33	264
Warm Springs Detention Center (OR)	67	48	140
White Mountain Apache Police Department (AZ)	65	46	141%
Gila River Juvenile Detention and Rehabilitation Center (AZ)	61	100	61
Pine Ridge Correctional Facility (SD)	55	22	250
Salt River Department of Corrections (AZ)	52	84	62
San Carlos Jail (AZ)	49	60	82

Table 4. Jails in Indian country operating above 150% of capacity on peak day in June 2000

Facilities operating above capacity	Peak population in June	Rated capacity	Percent of capacity
Total, 16 facilities	951	443	215%
Pine Ridge Correctional Facility (SD)	86	22	391%
Tohono O'odham Detention Center (AZ)	125	34	368
Navajo Department of Corrections-Tuba City (AZ)	105	33	318
Fort Berthold Agency (ND)	22	9	244
Navajo Department of Corrections-Kayenta (AZ)	22	10	220
Medicine Root Detention Center (SD)	52	24	217%
Red Lake Law Enforcement Services (MN)	46	22	209
Navajo Department of Corrections-Crownpoint (NM)	29	14	207
Fort Peck Police Department (MT)	44	22	200
Omaha Tribal Police Department (NE)	18	9	200
Jicarilla Police Department (NM)	37	19	195%
Crow Police Department (MT)	27	14	193
Fort Belknap Police Department (MT)	15	8	188
White Mountain Apache Police Department (AZ)	80	46	174
Gila River Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation (AZ)	174	112	155
Blackfeet Police Department (MT)	69	45	153

On June 30, 2000, jails in Indian country were operating at 86% of capacity, up from 78% of capacity in 1999. On their peak day in June 2000, jails were holding 2,441 inmates in custody, up from 2,289 on their peak day in June 1999.

	2000	1999
Rated capacity	2,076	2,065
Percent of capacity		
On June 30	86%	78%
Peak day in June	118	111

Thirty facilities were operating above 100% of capacity in 2000. (See Appendix table 2, page 6.) In June 1999 over half of the facilities were operating above 100% of capacity.

Sixteen jails in Indian country were operating above 150% of capacity on their peak day in June 2000 (table 4). These 16 were in 7 States: Arizona (5 facilities), Montana (4), New Mexico (2), South Dakota (2), and North Dakota, Nebraska, and Minnesota (1).

On its peak day in June 2000, the Pine Ridge Correctional Facility in South Dakota operated at 391% of capacity, with 86 inmates in custody and a rated capacity of 22. Two other facilities reported operating at over 300%: Tohono O'odham Detention Center (368%) and the Navajo Department of Corrections-Tuba City (318%).

Medium-sized facilities reported the highest occupancy rates on their peak day in June 2000

Facilities with a rated capacity of 10 to 49 beds reported the highest occupancy rates on their peak day in June 2000. On the jails' most crowded day in June, occupancy was about 128% of rated capacity. Occupancy was 119% of capacity in jails rated to hold fewer than 10 inmates, compared to 98% in those rated to hold 50 or more inmates.

Capacity of facility	Percent of capacity occupied on peak day in June 2000
Total	118%
Fewer than 10 inmates	119
10 to 24	129
25 to 49	127
50 or more	98

11 jail facilities in Indian country under a court order or consent decree on June 30, 2000

At midyear 2000, 11 facilities were under a court order or consent decree to limit the number of inmates they could house (table 5). Five of those facilities were under multiple court orders or consent decrees, including to detain persons in a humane condition, to hold inmates for 48 hours only, and to reduce overcrowding.

Seventeen jails expected to increase capacity by 1,108 beds before July 2003. Four jails planned to expand the existing facility, 12 had definite plans to build a new facility,

11 planned to renovate, and 3 planned to close and build a new facility.

Table 5. Court orders, consent decrees, and planned changes for jails in Indian country, June 30, 2000

	Number of facilities
Total	69
Under court order/ consent decree	11
Planned changes 2000-2003*	
Add to existing facility	4
Build a new facility	12
Renovate facility	11
Close facility	3
Expected capacity increase	1,108 beds
*Facilities could report more than one type of change.	

Appendix table 1. Tribal affiliation of jails in Indian country, by State, 2000

State and facility	Tribal affiliation
Alaska	
Metlakatla Police Department	Metlakatla Indian Community
Arizona	
Colorado River Indian Tribes Detention Center	Colorado River Indian Tribes
Fort Mohave Tribal Police Department	Fort Mohave Indian Tribe
Gila River Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation	Gila River Indian Community
Gila River Juvenile Detention and Rehabilitation Center	Gila River Indian Community
Hopi Rehabilitation Center	Hopi Tribe
Navajo Department of Corrections-Chinle	Navajo Nation
Navajo Department of Corrections-Kayenta	Navajo Nation
Navajo Department of Corrections-Tuba City	Navajo Nation
Navajo Department of Corrections-Window Rock	Navajo Nation
Pascua Yaqui Law Enforcement Center	Pascua Yaqui Tribe
Peach Springs Detention Center	Hualapai, Havasupai, Prescott Apache, and Tonto Apache
Salt River Department of Corrections	Salt River Pima-Maricopa Indian Community
San Carlos Jail	San Carlos Apache Tribe
Supai Jail	Supai Tribe
Tohono O'odham Detention Center	Tohono O'odham Nation
Tohono O'odham Judiciary Juvenile Detention Center	Tohono O'odham Nation
Western Navajo Juvenile Services	Navajo Nation
White Mountain Apache Police Department	White Mountain Apache Tribe
Colorado	
Southern Ute Detention Center	Southern Ute Tribe
Ute Mountain Ute Agency	Ute Mountain Ute Tribe
Idaho	
Fort Hall Police Department	Shoshone-Bannock Tribe
Minnesota	
Red Lake Law Enforcement Services	Red Lake Chippewa Tribe
Mississippi	
Choctaw Police Department	Mississippi Band of Choctaw Indians

Appendix table 1. Continued

State and facility	Tribal affiliation
Montana	
Blackfeet Police Department	Blackfeet Tribe
Crow Police Department	Crow Tribe
Flathead Tribal Police Department	Confederated Tribes of Salish and Kootenai
Fort Belknap Police Department	Gros Ventre and Assiniboine Tribe
Fort Peck Indian Youth Services Center	Assiniboine and Sioux Tribes
Fort Peck Police Department	Assiniboine and Sioux Tribes
Northern Cheyenne Police Department	Northern Cheyenne Tribe
Rocky Boy Police Department	Chippewa-Cree Tribe
White Buffalo Youth Detention Center	Blackfeet Tribe
Nebraska	
Omaha Tribal Police Department	Omaha Tribal Police Department
Nevada	
Owyhee Detention Facility	Shoshone-Paiute Tribes
New Mexico	
Jicarilla Police Department	Jicarilla Apache Tribe
Laguna Tribal Detention Facility	Laguna Pueblo
Mescalero Adult Detention Center	Mescalero Apache Tribe
Navajo Department of Corrections-Crownpoint	Navajo Nation
Navajo Department of Corrections-Shiprock	Navajo Nation
Navajo Department of Corrections-Tohatchi Juvenile Center	Navajo Nation
Ramah Public Safety Center	Ramah Navajo
Taos Tribal Detention Center	Taos Pueblo
Zuni Police Department	Zuni Pueblo
North Dakota	
Fort Berthold Agency	Three Affiliated Tribes of Fort Berthold Reservation
Fort Totten Municipal Center	Spirit Lake Sioux Tribe
Standing Rock Law Enforcement Center	Standing Rock Sioux Tribe
Turtle Mountain Law Enforcement Center	Turtle Mountain Chippewa Tribe
Oklahoma	
Sac and Fox Nation Juvenile Detention Facility	Sac and Fox Nation
Oregon	
Chemawa Indian School	BIA Law Enforcement Services
Warm Springs Detention Center	Warm Springs Confederated Tribes
South Dakota	
Fort Thompson Jail	Crow Creek Sioux Tribe
Klyuska O'Tipi Reintegration Center	Oglala Sioux Tribe
Lower Brule Law Enforcement Services Center	Lower Brule Sioux Tribe
Medicine Root Detention Center	Oglala Sioux Tribe
Pine Ridge Correctional Facility	Oglala Sioux Tribe
Rosebud Sioux Tribe Law Enforcement	Rosebud Sioux Tribe
Sisseton-Wahpeton Sioux Tribal Law Enforcement Center	Sisseton-Wahpeton Sioux Tribe
Walter Miner Law Enforcement Center-Juvenile	Cheyenne River Sioux Tribe
Walter Miner Law Enforcement Facility-Adult	Cheyenne River Sioux Tribe
Utah	
Uintah-Ouray Detention Center	Northern Ute Tribe
Washington	
Chehalis Tribal Police Department	Chehalis Indian Tribe
Makah Police Department	Makah Indian Tribe
Puyallup Tribal Detention Facility	Puyallup Tribe
Quinalt Police Department	Quinalt Tribe
Wellpinit BIA Law Enforcement Center	Spokane Tribe
Yakama Police Department	Confederated Tribes of Yakama Nation
Wisconsin	
Menominee Tribal Jail	Menominee Indian Tribe
Wyoming	
Wind River Police Department	Shoshone and Arapahoe Tribe

Note: The Gila River West End Holding Facility and the Sacaton Adult Detention Center were reported as one facility, the Gila River Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation. The Chemawa Indian School is closed each year from May to September. The Chehalis Tribal Police Department was temporarily closed on June 30, 2000.

Appendix table 2. Inmates, rated capacity, and percent of capacity occupied in jails in Indian country, June 2000

State and facility	Inmates in custody ^a	Peak population in June ^b	Rated capacity ^c	Population on June 30 as a percent of capacity ^d	Peak population in June as a percent of capacity
Total	1,775	2,441	2,076	86%	118%
Alaska					
Metlakatla Police Department	1	5	8	13%	63%
Arizona					
Colorado River Indian Tribes Detention Center	19	36	36	53%	100%
Fort Mohave Tribal Police Department	2	4	4	50	100
Gila River Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation	166	174	112	148	155
Gila River Juvenile Detention and Rehabilitation Center	61	78	100	61	78
Hopi Rehabilitation Center	87	99	86	101	115
Navajo Department of Corrections-Chinle	18	53	39	46	136
Navajo Department of Corrections-Kayenta	6	22	10	60	220
Navajo Department of Corrections-Tuba City	87	105	33	264	318
Navajo Department of Corrections-Window Rock ^e	47	59	51	92	116
Pascua Yaqui Law Enforcement Center	1	6	6	17	100
Peach Springs Detention Center	47	51	40	118	128
Salt River Department of Corrections	52	67	84	62	80
San Carlos Jail	49	64	60	82	107
Supai Jail	2	5	10	20	50
Tohono O'odham Detention Center	117	125	34	344	368
Tohono O'odham Judiciary Juvenile Detention Center	13	17	21	62	81
Western Navajo Juvenile Services	30	35	36	83	97
White Mountain Apache Police Department	65	80	46	141	174
Colorado					
Southern Ute Detention Center	39	55	48	81%	115%
Ute Mountain Ute Agency	7	14	14	50	100
Idaho					
Fort Hall Police Department	31	31	25	124%	124%
Minnesota					
Red Lake Law Enforcement Services	20	46	22	91%	209%
Mississippi					
Choctaw Police Department	26	30	32	81%	94%
Montana					
Blackfeet Police Department	34	69	45	76%	153%
Crow Police Department	9	27	14	64	193
Flathead Tribal Police Department	19	20	20	95	100
Fort Belknap Police Department	4	15	8	50	188
Fort Peck Indian Youth Services Center	11	22	21	52	105
Fort Peck Police Department	17	44	22	77	200
Northern Cheyenne Police Department	19	19	19	100	100
Rocky Boy Police Department	5	10	20	25	50
White Buffalo Youth Detention Center	11	22	24	46	92
Nebraska					
Omaha Tribal Police Department	15	18	9	167%	200%
Nevada					
Owyhee Detention Facility	18	20	24	75%	83%

Appendix table 2. Continued

State and facility	Inmates in custody ^a	Peak population in June ^b	Rated capacity ^c	Population on June 30 as a percent of capacity ^d	Peak population in June as a percent of capacity
New Mexico					
Jicarilla Police Department	13	37	19	68%	195%
Laguna Tribal Detention Facility	43	50	55	78	91
Mescalero Adult Detention Center	23	33	24	96	138
Navajo Department of Corrections-Crownpoint	22	29	14	157	207
Navajo Department of Corrections-Shiprock	40	40	32	125	125
Navajo Department of Corrections-Tohatchi Juvenile Center	9	9	14	64	64
Ramah Public Safety Center	10	11	11	91	100
Taos Tribal Detention Center	3	7	8	38	88
Zuni Police Department	27	31	34	79	91
North Dakota					
Fort Berthold Agency	22	22	9	244%	244%
Fort Totten Municipal Center	4	4	/	/	/
Standing Rock Law Enforcement Center	15	34	40	38	85
Turtle Mountain Law Enforcement Center	24	31	30	80	103
Oklahoma					
Sac and Fox Nation Juvenile Detention Facility	14	14	66	21%	21%
Oregon					
Chemawa Indian School	0	0	8	0%	0%
Warm Springs Detention Center	67	68	48	140	142
South Dakota					
Fort Thompson Jail	7	9	14	50%	64%
Klyuska O'Tipi Reintegration Center	11	11	32	34	34
Lower Brule Law Enforcement Services Center	1	27	30	3	90
Medicine Root Detention Center	41	52	24	171	217
Pine Ridge Correctional Facility	55	86	22	250	391
Rosebud Sioux Tribe Law Enforcement	31	59	65	48	91
Sisseton-Wahpeton Sioux Tribal Law Enforcement Center	10	16	22	45	73
Walter Miner Law Enforcement Center-Juvenile	6	15	10	60	150
Walter Miner Law Enforcement Facility-Adult	35	65	45	78	144
Utah					
Uintah-Ouray Detention Center	8	8	22	36%	36%
Washington					
Chehalis Tribal Police Department	0	0	8	0%	0%
Makah Police Department	6	7	16	38	44
Puyallup Tribal Detention Facility	8	8	32	25	25
Quinault Police Department	2	4	13	15	31
Wellpinit BIA Law Enforcement Center	6	10	10	60	100
Yakama Police Department	22	41	45	49	91
Wisconsin					
Menominee Tribal Jail	20	35	45	44%	78%
Wyoming					
Wind River Police Department	15	21	26	58%	81%

/Not reported.

^aAdults and juveniles confined in jail facilities.

^bPeak population is any day in the month of June in which the custody population of a facility was greatest.

^cRated capacity is the maximum number of beds or inmates assigned by a rating official to a facility. Excludes temporary holding areas.

^dPopulation as a percent of capacity is calculated by dividing the population count of a facility by its rated capacity and multiplying by 100.

^eData for the Navajo Department of Corrections in Window Rock, AZ, are from June 30, 1999.

Appendix table 3. Adults and juveniles in the custody of jails in Indian country, by gender, June 30, 2000

State and facility	Number of inmates in custody					
	Adults			Juveniles (under age 18)		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
Total	1,498	1,214	284	277	207	70
Alaska						
Metlakatla Police Department	1	1	0	0	0	0
Arizona						
Colorado River Indian Tribes Detention Center	17	10	7	2	2	0
Fort Mohave Tribal Police Department	2	2	0	0	0	0
Gila River Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation	165	130	35	1	1	0
Gila River Juvenile Detention and Rehabilitation Center	0	0	0	61	49	12
Hopi Rehabilitation Center	84	70	14	3	3	0
Navajo Department of Corrections-Chinle	18	16	2	0	0	0
Navajo Department of Corrections-Kayenta	6	5	1	0	0	0
Navajo Department of Corrections-Tuba City	87	72	15	0	0	0
Navajo Department of Corrections-Window Rock*	47	45	2	0	0	0
Pascua Yaqui Law Enforcement Center	1	1	0	0	0	0
Peach Springs Detention Center	40	34	6	7	5	2
Salt River Department of Corrections	37	26	11	15	12	3
San Carlos Jail	49	35	14	0	0	0
Supai Jail	2	2	0	0	0	0
Tohono O'odham Detention Center	117	95	22	0	0	0
Tohono O'odham Judiciary Juvenile Detention Center	0	0	0	13	13	0
Western Navajo Juvenile Services	0	0	0	30	24	6
White Mountain Apache Police Department	58	45	13	7	2	5
Colorado						
Southern Ute Detention Center	39	30	9	0	0	0
Ute Mountain Ute Agency	7	7	0	0	0	0
Idaho						
Fort Hall Police Department	22	19	3	9	2	7
Minnesota						
Red Lake Law Enforcement Services	9	7	2	11	9	2
Mississippi						
Choctaw Police Department	19	15	4	7	4	3
Montana						
Blackfeet Police Department	34	31	3	0	0	0
Crow Police Department	6	5	1	3	3	0
Flathead Tribal Police Department	19	15	4	0	0	0
Fort Belknap Police Department	3	3	0	1	1	0
Fort Peck Indian Youth Services Center	0	0	0	11	9	2
Fort Peck Police Department	17	15	2	0	0	0
Northern Cheyenne Police Department	19	12	7	0	0	0
Rocky Boy Police Department	4	3	1	1	1	0
White Buffalo Youth Detention Center	0	0	0	11	4	7
Nebraska						
Omaha Tribal Police Department	15	13	2	0	0	0
Nevada						
Owyhee Detention Facility	18	17	1	0	0	0

Appendix table 3. Continued

State and facility	Number of Inmates in custody					
	Adults			Juveniles (under age 18)		
	Total	Male	Female	Total	Male	Female
New Mexico						
Jicarilla Police Department	13	13	0	0	0	0
Laguna Tribal Detention Facility	42	41	1	1	1	0
Mescalero Adult Detention Center	23	20	3	0	0	0
Navajo Department of Corrections-Crownpoint	22	17	5	0	0	0
Navajo Department of Corrections-Shiprock	40	31	9	0	0	0
Navajo Department of Corrections-Tohatchi Juvenile Center	0	0	0	9	7	2
Ramah Public Safety Center	10	8	2	0	0	0
Taos Tribal Detention Center	3	3	0	0	0	0
Zuni Police Department	19	15	4	8	7	1
North Dakota						
Fort Berthold Agency	20	20	0	2	2	0
Fort Totten Municipal Center	4	4	0	0	0	0
Standing Rock Law Enforcement Center	10	7	3	5	5	0
Turtle Mountain Law Enforcement Center	22	20	2	2	2	0
Oklahoma						
Sac and Fox Nation Juvenile Detention Facility	1	1	0	13	12	1
Oregon						
Chemawa Indian School	0	0	0	0	0	0
Warm Springs Detention Center	55	40	15	12	9	3
South Dakota						
Fort Thompson Jail	7	2	5	0	0	0
Klyuska O'Tipi Reintegration Center	2	2	0	9	5	4
Lower Brule Law Enforcement Services Center	1	1	0	0	0	0
Medicine Root Detention Center	41	28	13	0	0	0
Pine Ridge Correctional Facility	55	44	11	0	0	0
Rosebud Sioux Tribe Law Enforcement	25	16	9	6	4	2
Sisseton-Wahpeton Sioux Tribal Law Enforcement Center	10	7	3	0	0	0
Walter Miner Law Enforcement Center-Juvenile	0	0	0	6	3	3
Walter Miner Law Enforcement Facility-Adult	35	28	7	0	0	0
Utah						
Uintah-Ouray Detention Center	8	7	1	0	0	0
Washington						
Chehalis Tribal Police Department	0	0	0	0	0	0
Makah Police Department	4	4	0	2	1	1
Puyallup Tribal Detention Facility	8	8	0	0	0	0
Quinault Police Department	0	0	0	2	2	0
Wellpinit BIA Law Enforcement Center	6	4	2	0	0	0
Yakama Police Department	17	15	2	5	1	4
Wisconsin						
Menominee Tribal Jail	20	16	4	0	0	0
Wyoming						
Wind River Police Department	13	11	2	2	2	0

*Data for the Navajo Department of Corrections in Window Rock, AZ, are from June 30, 1999.

Appendix table 4. Inmates in jails in Indian country, by conviction status and seriousness of the offense, June 30, 2000

State and facility	Number of inmates in custody				
	Conviction status		Seriousness of offense		
	Convicted ^a	Unconvicted	Felony	Misdemeanor	Other ^b
Total	1,072	689	97	1,560	71
Alaska					
Metlakatla Police Department	1	0	0	1	0
Arizona					
Colorado River Indian Tribes Detention Center	5	14	0	18	1
Fort Mohave Tribal Police Department	0	2	0	2	0
Gila River Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation	136	30	1	165	0
Gila River Juvenile Detention and Rehabilitation Center	61	0	36	25	0
Hopi Rehabilitation Center	82	5	0	87	0
Navajo Department of Corrections-Chinle	0	18	0	18	0
Navajo Department of Corrections-Kayenta	0	6	0	6	0
Navajo Department of Corrections-Tuba City	21	66	0	87	0
Navajo Department of Corrections-Window Rock ^c	23	24	/	/	/
Pascua Yaqui Law Enforcement Center	0	1	0	1	0
Peach Springs Detention Center	22	25	0	47	0
Salt River Department of Corrections	20	32	0	52	0
San Carlos Jail	39	10	4	45	0
Supai Jail	2	0	0	2	0
Tohono O'odham Detention Center	70	47	0	117	0
Tohono O'odham Judiciary Juvenile Detention Center	8	5	13	0	0
Western Navajo Juvenile Services	25	5	0	30	0
White Mountain Apache Police Department	55	10	0	65	0
Colorado					
Southern Ute Detention Center	32	7	0	36	3
Ute Mountain Ute Agency	3	4	0	7	0
Idaho					
Fort Hall Police Department	11	20	1	30	0
Minnesota					
Red Lake Law Enforcement Services	10	10	0	20	0
Mississippi					
Choctaw Police Department	19	7	0	26	0
Montana					
Blackfeet Police Department	19	15	1	33	0
Crow Police Department	9	0	0	9	0
Flathead Tribal Police Department	7	12	0	19	0
Fort Belknap Police Department	4	0	0	4	0
Fort Peck Indian Youth Services Center	7	4	8	3	0
Fort Peck Police Department	17	0	3	14	0
Northern Cheyenne Police Department	7	12	0	19	0
Rocky Boy Police Department	3	2	0	5	0
White Buffalo Youth Detention Center	10	1	0	11	0
Nebraska					
Omaha Tribal Police Department	0	15	2	13	0
Nevada					
Owyhee Detention Facility	16	2	0	18	0

Appendix table 4. Continued

State and facility	Number of inmates in custody				
	Conviction status		Seriousness of offense		
	Convicted ^a	Unconvicted	Felony	Misdemeanor	Other ^b
New Mexico					
Jicarilla Police Department	13	0	1	12	0
Laguna Tribal Detention Facility	30	13	0	43	0
Mescalero Adult Detention Center	22	1	3	20	0
Navajo Department of Corrections-Crownpoint	15	7	0	22	0
Navajo Department of Corrections-Shiprock	21	19	0	40	0
Navajo Department of Corrections-Tohatchi Juvenile Center	0	9	0	9	0
Ramah Public Safety Center	1	9	0	10	0
Taos Tribal Detention Center	3	0	0	3	0
Zuni Police Department	20	7	0	27	0
North Dakota					
Fort Berthold Agency	18	4	0	22	0
Fort Totten Municipal Center	0	4	0	0	4
Standing Rock Law Enforcement Center	8	7	0	2	13
Turtle Mountain Law Enforcement Center	21	3	1	21	2
Oklahoma					
Sac and Fox Nation Juvenile Detention Facility	/	/	12	0	2
Oregon					
Chemawa Indian School	0	0	0	0	0
Warm Springs Detention Center	48	19	0	52	15
South Dakota					
Fort Thompson Jail	4	3	0	7	0
Klyuska O'Tipi Reintegration Center	4	7	4	6	1
Lower Brule Law Enforcement Services Center	0	1	0	1	0
Medicine Root Detention Center	0	41	0	41	0
Pine Ridge Correctional Facility	0	55	0	55	0
Rosebud Sioux Tribe Law Enforcement	27	4	2	29	0
Sisseton-Wahpeton Sioux Tribal Law Enforcement Center	7	3	0	10	0
Walter Miner Law Enforcement Center-Juvenile	0	6	1	5	0
Walter Miner Law Enforcement Facility-Adult	1	34	1	4	30
Utah					
Uintah-Ouray Detention Center	6	2	0	8	0
Washington					
Chehalis Tribal Police Department	0	0	0	0	0
Makah Police Department	6	0	3	3	0
Puyallup Tribal Detention Facility	6	2	0	8	0
Quinalt Police Department	2	0	0	2	0
Wellpinit BIA Law Enforcement Center	2	4	0	6	0
Yakama Police Department	22	0	0	22	0
Wisconsin					
Menominee Tribal Jail	16	4	0	20	0
Wyoming					
Wind River Police Department	5	10	0	15	0

/Not reported.

^aIncludes probation and parole violators with no new sentence.

^bOther includes protective custody, detoxification, involuntary commitment order, uncontrollable juvenile behavior, pick up orders, and pending charges.

^cData for the Navajo Department of Corrections in Window Rock, AZ, are from June 30, 1999.

Appendix table 5. Inmates in jails in Indian country with a DWI/DUI offense or a drug violation or in detoxification, June 30, 2000

State and facility	Inmates in custody	Inmates in custody					
		Number			Percent		
		DWI/DUI ^a	Drug offense	In detoxi- fication ^b	DWI/DUI ^a	Drug offense	In detoxi- fication ^b
Total	1,775	274	133	263	15%	7%	15%
Alaska							
Metlakatla Police Department	1	0	0	1	0%	0%	100%
Arizona							
Colorado River Indian Tribes Detention Center	19	1	0	...	5%	0%	...
Fort Mohave Tribal Police Department	2	2	0	...	100	0	...
Gila River Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation	166	4	1	...	2	1	...
Gila River Juvenile Detention and Rehabilitation Center	61	23	6	0	38	10	0
Hopi Rehabilitation Center	87	0	0	2	0	0	2
Navajo Department of Corrections-Chinle	18	3	0	...	17	0	...
Navajo Department of Corrections-Kayenta	6	1	0	...	17	0	...
Navajo Department of Corrections-Tuba City	87	13	56	45	15	64	52
Navajo Department of Corrections-Window Rock ^c	47	/	/	0	/	/	0
Pascua Yaqui Law Enforcement Center	1	0	0	...	0	0	...
Peach Springs Detention Center	47	12	10	...	26	21	...
Salt River Department of Corrections	52	20	20	...	38	38	...
San Carlos Jail	49	13	2	6	27	4	12
Supai Jail	2	0	0	...	0	0	...
Tohono O'odham Detention Center	117	/	/	...	/	/	...
Tohono O'odham Judiciary Juvenile Detention Center	13	13	0	5	100	0	38
Western Navajo Juvenile Services	30	17	2	3	57	7	10
White Mountain Apache Police Department	65	5	1	...	8	2	...
Colorado							
Southern Ute Detention Center	39	24	6	...	62%	15%	...
Ute Mountain Ute Agency	7	2	0	5	29	0	71
Idaho							
Fort Hall Police Department	31	19	0	5	61%	0%	16%
Minnesota							
Red Lake Law Enforcement Services	20	3	1	1	15%	5%	5%
Mississippi							
Choctaw Police Department	26	0	0	7	0%	0%	27%
Montana							
Blackfeet Police Department	34	1	2	...	3%	6%	...
Crow Police Department	9	0	0	...	0	0	...
Flathead Tribal Police Department	19	3	0	...	16	0	...
Fort Belknap Police Department	4	0	0	4	0	0	100
Fort Peck Indian Youth Services Center	11	9	2	...	82	18	...
Fort Peck Police Department	17	1	0	...	6	0	...
Northern Cheyenne Police Department	19	2	0	10	11	0	53
Rocky Boy Police Department	5	0	0	...	0	0	...
White Buffalo Youth Detention Center	11	0	0	0	0	0	0
Nebraska							
Omaha Tribal Police Department	15	1	0	9	7%	0%	60%
Nevada							
Owyhee Detention Facility	18	2	1	...	11%	6%	...

Appendix table 5. Continued

State and facility	Inmates in custody	Inmates in custody					
		Number			Percent		
		DWI/DUI ^a	Drug offense	In detoxi- fication ^b	DWI/DUI ^a	Drug offense	In detoxi- fication ^b
New Mexico							
Jicarilla Police Department	13	3	0	...	23%	0%	...
Laguna Tribal Detention Facility	43	14	2	1	33	5	2
Mescalero Adult Detention Center	23	4	0	...	17	0	...
Navajo Department of Corrections-Crownpoint	22	2	0	7	9	0	32
Navajo Department of Corrections-Shiprock	40	6	1	...	15	3	...
Navajo Department of Corrections-Tohatchi Juvenile Center	9	0	2	...	0	22	...
Ramah Public Safety Center	10	1	0	...	10	0	...
Taos Tribal Detention Center	3	0	0	...	0	0	...
Zuni Police Department	27	3	0	2	11	0	7
North Dakota							
Fort Berthold Agency	22	5	1	13	23%	5%	59%
Fort Totten Municipal Center	4	0	0	4	0	0	100
Standing Rock Law Enforcement Center	15	2	0	10	13	0	67
Turtle Mountain Law Enforcement Center	24	1	0	3	4	0	13
Oklahoma							
Sac and Fox Nation Juvenile Detention Facility	14	0	2	...	0%	14%	...
Oregon							
Chemawa Indian School	0	0	0	0	0%	0%	0%
Warm Springs Detention Center	67	5	8	15	7	12	22
South Dakota							
Fort Thompson Jail	7	1	0	...	14%	0%	...
Klyuska O'Tipi Reintegration Center	11	0	0	5	0	0	45
Lower Brule Law Enforcement Services Center	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Medicine Root Detention Center	41	2	0	38	5	0	93
Pine Ridge Correctional Facility	55	4	0	49	7	0	89
Rosebud Sioux Tribe Law Enforcement	31	4	0	4	13	0	13
Sisseton-Wahpeton Sioux Tribal Law Enforcement Center	10	6	0	2	60	0	20
Walter Miner Law Enforcement Center-Juvenile	6	0	0	2	0	0	33
Walter Miner Law Enforcement Facility-Adult	35	1	0	2	3	0	6
Utah							
Uintah-Ouray Detention Center	8	1	0	1	13%	0%	13%
Washington							
Chehalis Tribal Police Department	0	0	0	...	0%	0%	...
Makah Police Department	6	1	1	...	17	17	...
Puyallup Tribal Detention Facility	8	5	1	0	63	13	0
Quinault Police Department	2	0	2	...	0	100	...
Wellpinit BIA Law Enforcement Center	6	3	3	...	50	50	...
Yakama Police Department	22	0	0	2	0	0	9
Wisconsin							
Menominee Tribal Jail	20	3	0	...	15%	0%	...
Wyoming							
Wind River Police Department	15	3	0	...	20%	0%	...

...Not applicable, facility does not detoxify confined persons from drugs or alcohol.

/Not reported.

^aIncludes driving while intoxicated and driving while under the influence of drugs or alcohol.

^bIncludes inmates in detoxification for drugs or alcohol.

^cData for the Navajo Department of Corrections in Window Rock, AZ, are from June 30, 1999.

Appendix table 6. Planned changes to jails in Indian country and change in capacity, June 30, 2000

State and facility	Rated capacity*	Definite plans for facility changes in the next 3 years			Renovate existing space	Change in capacity due to facility renovations
		Add to existing facility	Build a new facility	Close this facility		
Total	878					1,108
Arizona						
Fort Mohave Tribal Police Department	4		x	x		8
Gila River Department of Corrections and Rehabilitation	112	x				104
Hopi Rehabilitation Center	86				x	0
Salt River Department of Corrections	84		x			150
San Carlos Jail	60		x			58
Tohono O'odham Detention Center	34				x	25
White Mountain Apache Police Department	46				x	0
Colorado						
Ute Mountain Ute Agency	14		x	x		62
Minnesota						
Red Lake Law Enforcement Services	22		x			66
Montana						
Blackfeet Police Department	45				x	0
Crow Police Department	14				x	20
Fort Peck Indian Youth Services Center	21	x			x	12
Northern Cheyenne Police Department	19		x			19
Rocky Boy Police Department	20		x			0
White Buffalo Youth Detention Center	24				x	0
New Mexico						
Mescalero Adult Detention Center	24				x	10
Navajo Department of Corrections-Crownpoint	14				x	0
Taos Tribal Detention Center	8	x			x	12
Zuni Police Department	34		x			0
North Dakota						
Standing Rock Law Enforcement Center	40				x	0
South Dakota						
Lower Brule Law Enforcement Services Center	30		x	x		55
Medicine Root Detention Center	24		x			250
Pine Ridge Correctional Facility	22		x			235
Washington						
Puyallup Tribal Detention Facility	32	x				2
Yakama Police Department	45		x			20

Note: Data are reported on all plans that have received final administrative approval, even though the necessary funds may not have been authorized.

*Rated capacity is the maximum number of beds or inmates assigned by a rating official to a facility. Excludes temporary holding areas.

Appendix table 7. Jails in Indian country under court order or consent decree to limit population or for other reasons, June 30, 2000

State and facility	Tribal, State, or Federal court order or consent decree	
	Maximum capacity set by consent decree	Other conditions specified
Total	350	
Arizona		
Hopi Rehabilitation Center	86	
Navajo Department of Corrections-Chinle	28	To detain in a humane condition
Navajo Department of Corrections-Tuba City	33	48-hour holding only
Pascua Yaqui Law Enforcement Center	4	
Idaho		
Fort Hall Police Department	25	
Montana		
Fort Peck Indian Youth Services Center	9	
New Mexico		
Navajo Department of Corrections-Crownpoint	37	To detain in a humane condition
Navajo Department of Corrections-Shiprock	32	To detain in a humane condition
Oregon		
Warm Springs Detention Center	46	
South Dakota		
Medicine Root Detention Center	24	Overcrowding
Wyoming		
Wind River Police Department	26	

Methodology

“Indian country” is a statutory term that includes the following: all lands within an Indian reservation; dependent Indian communities; and Indian trust allotments (18 U.S.C. § 1151). Courts interpret § 1151 to include all lands held in trust for tribes or their members. See *United States v. Roberts*, 185 F.3d 1125 (10th Cir. 1999). Tribal authority to imprison Indian offenders is limited to 1 year per offense by statute (25 U.S.C. § 1302).

Tribal law enforcement agencies act as first responders to both felony and misdemeanor crimes. For most of Indian country, the Federal Government provides felony law enforcement concerning crimes by or against Indians. Certain areas of Indian country are under Public Law 83-280, as amended. P.L. 280 conferred jurisdiction on certain States over “Indian country” and suspended enforcement of the Major Crimes Act (18 U.S.C. § 1153) and the General Crimes Act (18 U.S.C. § 1152) in those areas. Indian

tribes retain concurrent jurisdiction to enforce laws in Indian country where P.L. 280 applies.

BJS conducted the Survey of Jails in Indian Country (SJIC) to describe all adult and juvenile jail facilities and detention centers in Indian country. For purposes of this report, Indian country includes reservations, pueblos, rancherias, and other appropriate areas (18 U.S.C. § 1151). The reference date for the survey was June 30, 2000.

The SJIC was initiated in 1998 as a component of the Annual Survey of Jails (ASJ). The ASJ is conducted in each of the 4 to 5 years between the Census of Jails. The 2000 ASJ consisted of a sample survey of 833 local jail jurisdictions, a survey of the Nation’s 44 multi-jurisdictional facilities, and a survey of the 69 facilities in Indian country. (For sampling information, see *Prison and Jails Inmates at Midyear 2000*, BJS Bulletin, March 2001, NCJ 185989.)

In 1998 the Office of Law Enforcement Services, Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA), U.S. Department of the Interior, provided a complete list of 74 Indian country jail facilities. Since 1998, 2 facilities were abandoned, 2 were closed, and 2 were combined into 1 facility, resulting in 69 surveyed facilities. The facilities are in 18 States and are affiliated with 54 Indian tribes.

Each facility is defined as a confinement facility, which can include detention centers, jails, and other correctional facilities, operated by tribal authorities or the BIA. Special jail facilities such as medical, treatment, or release centers; halfway houses; and work farms are also included.

Data were obtained by mailed questionnaires. Through follow-up phone calls and facsimiles, 68 of 69 facilities responded. Data for the Navajo Department of Corrections in Window Rock, Arizona, are from June 30, 1999.

The Bureau of Justice Statistics is the statistical agency of the U.S. Department of Justice. Lawrence A. Greenfeld is acting director.

BJS Bulletins present the first release of findings from permanent data collection programs.

Todd D. Minton collected and processed the data and wrote this report under the supervision of Allen J. Beck. Officials of the Bureau of Indian Affairs, Office of Law Enforcement Services — William McClure, Detention Program Manager,

Ed Naranjo, District V Commander, and Walter E. Lamar, Acting Director — assisted in obtaining cooperation from facility administrators. Norena Henry, Director, American Indian and Alaska Native Desk, Office of Justice Programs, and Debra Gee, Deputy Director, Office of Tribal Justice, U.S. Department of Justice, reviewed the report. Laura M. Maruschak provided statistical review and verification. Tom Hester edited the report, and Jayne Robinson provided the final production.

July 2001, NCJ 188156

This report in portable document format and in ASCII, its tables, survey questionnaire, and related statistical data are available at the BJS World Wide Web Internet site: <http://www.ojp.usdoj.gov/bjs/>

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